



**DELAWARE TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE**  
**REGULAR MEETING MINUTES**  
**February 8, 2021 – 7:30 PM**  
**Via Zoom**

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Mayor Waltman called the regular meeting of the Delaware Township Committee to order on January 11, 2021 at 7:30 PM. Mayor Waltman announced that this meeting is called pursuant to the provisions of the Open Public Meetings Act. Notice of this meeting was faxed to the Hunterdon County Democrat, Trenton Times, Courier News and the Star Ledger, was posted on the bulletin board in the Municipal Building and filed with the Township Clerk on January 5, 2021.

**PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE**

Mayor Waltman led those in attendance in the pledge to the nation's flag.

**ROLL CALL**

Present: Mayor James Waltman, Deputy Mayor Josepe Vocke, Committee Members Charles Herman, Daniel Kwasnik and Susan Lockwood along with Township Clerk Maria Andrews, Deputy Township Clerk Tiffany Crivelli, Chief Financial Officer Diane McDaniel and Township Attorney Joseph Tauriello .

**APPROVAL OF TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES**

A motion by Lockwood, seconded by Vocke, to approve the Committee's 1/11/2021 Regular, 1/25/2021 Special and 1/25/2021 Executive Session meeting minutes with no revisions noted was approved by voice vote.

**TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE LIAISON REPORTS**

Committeeman Kwasnik noted that we had two snowstorms where Jay was not here, but that Mike took charge and everything went very well. The township received many compliments. The school was having problems keeping up with their lots during the first storm, but DPW assisted them. The second storm was much easier and quicker to clear and again everyone did a great job. Mayor Waltman agreed that everyone did a fantastic job with both storms.

Committeewoman Lockwood noted that the Open Space Coordinator is leaving, but happy for her and future endeavors and wishes her well. Committeewoman Lockwood also noted that the United States Supreme Court will hear the Penneast appeal to allow the pipeline to go thru State property.

**OPEN TO THE PUBLIC**

Mayor Waltman opened the floor to public comment for any items listed on the agenda.

Charles Cline of 139 Upper Creek Road, complimented Committeeman Kwasnik and the DPW on the snow plow removal. He noted a few years ago, the township ran out of salt, what is the current status? Committeeman Kwasnik noted that we are in good shape, and although we may be salting more with the temperature changes we will be ok.

John "Mark" Zdepski, President of Friends of Locktown Stone Church, advised that they received the permit from the State of New Jersey and can start the plans to build a 750 sq ft Carriage Shed with Restrooms that is going to cost approximately \$180-\$200k. They will need to go through the Township for the permit. He advised he would like the Township Committee to set up a mechanism to handle the process and utilize the Township engineer and attorney to assist since this is a Township owned property, and asked how this should be handled. Charles Cline, Board of Adjustment, advised he needed variances, exceptions to ordinances, and that the Board of Adjustment would need a letter of recommendation that the fees can be waived to start the application process.

**INTRODUCTION/PUBLIC HEARING ON ORDINANCES**

**Delaware Township**  
**Ordinance No. 2021 - 01**  
**Ordinance to Amend Chapter 230-114 of the**  
**Code of the Township of Delaware**  
**Entitled "Stormwater Management" To Reflect Amendments to The**  
**New Jersey Stormwater Management Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:8,**  
**Adopted March 2, 2020**

**WHEREAS**, the Township of Delaware has a Stormwater Management Ordinance pursuant to the requirements in N.J.A.C. 7:8, and its Municipal Stormwater Permit; and

**WHEREAS**, the Stormwater Management Ordinance is subject to change when the State amends N.J.A.C. 7:8; and

**WHEREAS**, the State of New Jersey amended its Stormwater Management Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:8 on March 2, 2020; and

**WHEREAS**, the municipalities in the State of New Jersey are required to amend their Stormwater Control Ordinances to align with the updated Stormwater Management Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:8 on or before March 2, 2021;

**NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED**, by the Township Committee of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon and State of New Jersey that Chapter 230-114 of the code of the Township of Delaware, entitled "Stormwater Management", is amended as follows:

**Part One** - Chapter 230-114 of the Code of the Township of Delaware entitled "Stormwater Management" shall be replaced in its entirety as follows:

### **§230-114 Stormwater Management**

#### **Section I. Scope, Purpose and Fees:**

##### A. Policy Statement.

Flood control, groundwater recharge, and pollutant reduction shall be achieved through the use of stormwater management measures, including green infrastructure Best Management Practices (GI BMPs) and nonstructural stormwater management strategies. GI BMPs and low impact development (LID) should be utilized to meet the goal of maintaining natural hydrology to reduce stormwater runoff volume, reduce erosion, encourage infiltration and groundwater recharge, and reduce pollution. GI BMPs and LID should be developed based upon physical site conditions and the origin, nature and the anticipated quantity, or amount, of potential pollutants. Multiple stormwater management BMPs may be necessary to achieve the established performance standards for water quality, quantity, and groundwater recharge.

##### B. Purpose.

The purpose of this ordinance is to establish minimum stormwater management requirements and controls for "major development," as defined below in Section II.

##### C. Applicability.

1. This ordinance shall be applicable to the following major developments:
  - a. Non-residential major developments; and
  - b. Aspects of residential major developments that are not pre-empted by the Residential Site Improvement Standards at N.J.A.C. 5:21.
2. In the case of agricultural or horticultural development that meets the definition of "major development" under N.J.A.C. 7:8, a farm conservation plan that addresses the protection of soil and water resources shall be developed and implemented. Such a plan shall be approved by the Hunterdon County Soil Conservation District.
3. This ordinance shall also be applicable to all major developments undertaken by the Township of Delaware and other governmental entities.

##### D. Review Fees and Inspection Escrows.

1. Review Fees

- a. When stormwater management plans are required to be prepared and submitted for review and approval under this section, and when such plans are submitted for review and approval in conjunction with an application for development approval under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq., then no additional and separate review fee shall be required. The costs for professional review of the stormwater management plan will be deducted from the review escrow account established for the development application in accordance with the applicable provisions of this chapter.
- b. A review fee of \$500 shall be paid to the Township whenever:
  - i. A stormwater management plan is required to be prepared and submitted for review and approval under this section, and such plan is not submitted for review and approval in conjunction with an application for development approval under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.
  - ii. A revised stormwater management plan is submitted for review and approval subsequent to the approval of a development application by the Planning Board or Board of Adjustment, and when revisions to a previously approved stormwater management plan are necessitated by field conditions or other modifications to the development proposal.

2. Inspection Escrows.

- a. When stormwater management improvements are constructed in conjunction with other site improvements associated with an approved major subdivision or site plan, then no additional and separate construction inspection escrow account shall be required.
- b. When stormwater management improvements are constructed in conjunction with a minor subdivision approval, or variance approval for which no site plan was required, then a construction inspection escrow account shall be established with the Township in the manner as provided in this chapter and in accordance with the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq.

E. Compatibility with Other Permit and Ordinance Requirements. Development approvals issued pursuant to this ordinance are to be considered an integral part of development approvals and do not relieve the applicant of the responsibility to secure required permits or approvals for activities regulated by any other applicable code, rule, act, or ordinance. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this ordinance shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety, and general welfare. This ordinance is not intended to interfere with, abrogate, or annul any other ordinances, rule or regulation, statute, or other provision of law except that, where any provision of this ordinance imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other ordinance, rule or regulation, or other provision of law, the more restrictive provisions or higher standards shall control.

**Section II. Definitions:**

For the purpose of this ordinance, the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the meanings stated herein unless their use in the text of this Chapter clearly demonstrates a different meaning. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future, words used in the plural number include the singular number, and words used in the singular number include the plural number. The word "shall" is always mandatory and not merely directory.

The definitions below are the same as or based on the corresponding definitions in the Stormwater Management Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:8-1.2.

**CAFRA CENTERS, CORES OR NODES**

Those areas with boundaries incorporated by reference or revised by the Department in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:7-13.16.

**CAFRA PLANNING MAP**

The map used by the Department to identify the location of Coastal Planning Areas, CAFRA centers, CAFRA cores, and CAFRA nodes. The CAFRA Planning Map is available on the Department's Geographic Information System (GIS).

**COMMUNITY BASIN**

An infiltration system, sand filter designed to infiltrate, standard constructed wetland, or wet pond, established in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.2(c)14, that is designed and constructed in accordance with the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, or an alternate design, approved in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2(g), for an infiltration system, sand filter designed to infiltrate, standard constructed wetland, or wet pond and that complies with the requirements of this chapter.

**COMPACTION**

The increase in soil bulk density.

**CONTRIBUTORY DRAINAGE AREA**

The area from which stormwater runoff drains to a stormwater management measure, not including the area of the stormwater management measure itself.

**CORE**

A pedestrian-oriented area of commercial and civic uses serving the surrounding municipality, generally including housing and access to public transportation.

**COUNTY REVIEW AGENCY**

An agency designated by the County Commissioners to review municipal stormwater management plans and implementing ordinance(s). The county review agency may either be a county planning agency or a county water resource association created under N.J.S.A 58:16A-55.5, if the ordinance or resolution delegates authority to approve, conditionally approve, or disapprove municipal stormwater management plans and implementing ordinances.

**DEPARTMENT**

The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

**DESIGNATED CENTER**

A State Development and Redevelopment Plan Center as designated by the State Planning Commission such as urban, regional, town, village, or hamlet.

**DESIGN ENGINEER**

A person professionally qualified and duly licensed in New Jersey to perform engineering services that may include, but not necessarily be limited to, development of project requirements, creation and development of project design and preparation of drawings and specifications.

**DEVELOPMENT**

The division of a parcel of land into two or more parcels, the construction, reconstruction, conversion, structural alteration, relocation or enlarge-enlargement of any building or structure, any mining excavation or landfill, and any use or change in the use of any building or other structure, or land or extension of use of land, for which permission is required under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 *et seq.*

In the case of development of agricultural land, development means: any activity that requires a State permit, any activity reviewed by the County Agricultural Board (CAB) and the State Agricultural Development Committee (SADC), and municipal review of any activity not exempted by the Right to Farm Act, N.J.S.A 4:1C-1 et seq.

**DISTURBANCE**

The placement or reconstruction of impervious surface or motor vehicle surface, or exposure and/or movement of soil or bedrock or clearing, cutting, or removing of vegetation. Milling and repaving is not considered disturbance for the purposes of this definition.

**DRAINAGE AREA**

A geographic area within which stormwater, sediments, or dissolved materials drain to a particular receiving waterbody or to a particular point along a receiving waterbody.

**ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSTRAINED AREA**

The following areas where the physical alteration of the land is in some way restricted, either through regulation, easement, deed restriction or ownership such as: wetlands, floodplains, threatened and endangered species sites or designated habitats, and parks and preserves. Habitats of endangered or threatened species are identified using the Department's Landscape Project as approved by the Department's Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

**ENVIRONMENTALLY CRITICAL AREA**

An area or feature which is of significant environmental value, including but not limited to: stream corridors, natural heritage priority sites, habitats of endangered or threatened species, large areas of contiguous open space or upland forest, steep slopes, and well head protection and groundwater recharge areas. Habitats of endangered or threatened species are identified using the Department's Landscape Project as approved by the Department's Endangered and Nongame Species Program.

**EMPOWERMENT NEIGHBORHOODS**

Neighborhoods designated by the Urban Coordinating Council "in consultation and conjunction with" the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority pursuant to N.J.S.A 55:19-69.

**EROSION**

The detachment and movement of soil or rock fragments by water, wind, ice, or gravity.

**GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE**

A stormwater management measure that manages stormwater close to its source by:

1. Treating stormwater runoff through infiltration into subsoil;
2. Treating stormwater runoff through filtration by vegetation or soil; or
3. Storing stormwater runoff for reuse.

**HUC 14 or HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODE 14**

An area within which water drains to a particular receiving surface water body, also known as a subwatershed, which is identified by a 14-digit hydrologic unit boundary designation, delineated within New Jersey by the United States Geological Survey.

**IMPERVIOUS SURFACE**

A surface that has been covered with a layer of material so that it is highly resistant to infiltration by water.

**INFILTRATION**

The process by which water seeps into the soil from precipitation.

**KARST TERRAIN**

An area where karst topography, with its characteristic surface and subterranean features, is developed as a result of the dissolution of limestone, dolomite, or other soluble rock. Characteristic physiographic features present in karst terrains include but are not limited to sinkholes, sinking streams, caves, blind valleys, large springs and subterranean drainage. See also "limestone area."

**LIMESTONE AREA**

An area of Hunterdon County underlain by carbonate sedimentary rock consisting chiefly of calcium carbonate. Limestone is commonly used as a general term for the class of rocks that consist of at least 80% calcium or magnesium carbonate. See also "karst terrain."

**LEAD PLANNING AGENCY**

One or more public entities having stormwater management planning authority designated by the regional stormwater management planning committee pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:8-3.2, that serves as the primary representative of the committee.

**MAJOR DEVELOPMENT**

An individual "development," as well as multiple developments that individually or collectively result in:

1. The disturbance of one or more acres of land since February 2, 2004;
2. The creation of one-quarter acre or more of "regulated impervious surface" since February 2, 2004;
3. The creation of one-quarter acre or more of "regulated motor vehicle surface" since March 2, 2021 *{or the effective date of this ordinance, whichever is earlier}*; or
4. A combination of 2 and 3 above that totals an area of one-quarter acre or more. The same surface shall not be counted twice when determining if the combination area equals one-quarter acre or more.

Major development includes all developments that are part of a common plan of development or sale (for example, phased residential development) that collectively or individually meet any one or more of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, or 4 above. Projects undertaken by any government agency that otherwise meet the definition of "major development" but which do not require approval under the Municipal Land Use Law, N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 et seq., are also considered "major development."

**MOTOR VEHICLE**

Land vehicles propelled other than by muscular power, such as automobiles, motorcycles, autocycles, and low speed vehicles. For the purposes of this definition, motor vehicle does not include farm equipment, snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, motorized wheelchairs, go-carts, gas buggies, golf carts, ski-slope grooming machines, or vehicles that run only on rails or tracks.

**MOTOR VEHICLE SURFACE**

Any pervious or impervious surface that is intended to be used by "motor vehicles" and/or aircraft, and is directly exposed to precipitation including, but not limited to, driveways, parking areas, parking garages, roads, racetracks, and runways.

**MUNICIPALITY**

Any city, borough, town, township, or village. For the purposes of this ordinance, the Township of Delaware.

**NEW JERSEY STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP) MANUAL or BMP MANUAL**

The manual maintained by the Department providing, in part, design specifications, removal rates, calculation methods, and soil testing procedures approved by the Department as being capable of contributing to the achievement of the stormwater management standards specified in this chapter. The BMP Manual is periodically

amended by the Department as necessary to provide design specifications on additional best management practices and new information on already included practices reflecting the best available current information regarding the particular practice and the Department's determination as to the ability of that best management practice to contribute to compliance with the standards contained in this chapter. Alternative stormwater management measures, removal rates, or calculation methods may be utilized, subject to any limitations specified in this chapter, provided the design engineer demonstrates to the municipality, in accordance with Section IV.F. of this ordinance and N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2(g), that the proposed measure and its design will contribute to achievement of the design and performance standards established by this chapter.

**NODE**

An area designated by the State Planning Commission concentrating facilities and activities which are not organized in a compact form.

**NUTRIENT**

A chemical element or compound, such as nitrogen or phosphorus, which is essential to and promotes the development of organisms.

**PERSON**

Any individual, corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, political subdivision of this State and any state, interstate or Federal agency.

**POLLUTANT**

Any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, sewage, garbage, refuse, oil, grease, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, medical wastes, radioactive substance (except those regulated under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 2011 *et seq.*)), thermal waste, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt, industrial, municipal, agricultural, and construction waste or runoff, or other residue discharged directly or indirectly to the land, ground waters or surface waters of the State, or to a domestic treatment works. "Pollutant" includes both hazardous and nonhazardous pollutants.

**RECHARGE**

The amount of water from precipitation that infiltrates into the ground and is not evapotranspired.

**REGULATED IMPERVIOUS SURFACE**

Any of the following, alone or in combination:

1. A net increase of impervious surface;
2. The total area of impervious surface collected by a new stormwater conveyance system (for the purpose of this definition, a "new stormwater conveyance system" is a stormwater conveyance system that is constructed where one did not exist immediately prior to its construction or an existing system for which a new discharge location is created);
3. The total area of impervious surface proposed to be newly collected by an existing stormwater conveyance system; and/or
4. The total area of impervious surface collected by an existing stormwater conveyance system where the capacity of that conveyance system is increased.

**REGULATED MOTOR VEHICLE SURFACE**

Any of the following, alone or in combination:

1. The total area of motor vehicle surface that is currently receiving water;
2. A net increase in motor vehicle surface; and/or

quality treatment either by vegetation or soil, by an existing stormwater management measure, or by treatment at a wastewater treatment plant, where the water quality treatment will be modified or removed.

**SEDIMENT**

Solid material, mineral or organic, that is in suspension, is being transported, or has been moved from its site of origin by air, water or gravity as a product of erosion.

**SITE**

The lot or lots upon which a major development is to occur or has occurred.

**SOIL**

All unconsolidated mineral and organic material of any origin.

**STATE DEVELOPMENT AND REDEVELOPMENT PLAN METROPOLITAN PLANNING AREA (PA1)**

An area delineated on the State Plan Policy Map and adopted by the State Planning Commission that is intended to be the focus for much of the State's future redevelopment and revitalization efforts.

**STATE PLAN POLICY MAP**

The geographic application of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan's goals and statewide policies, and the official map of these goals and policies.

**STORMWATER**

Water resulting from precipitation (including rain and snow) that runs off the land's surface, is transmitted to the subsurface, or is captured by separate storm sewers or other sewage or drainage facilities, or conveyed by snow removal equipment.

**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BMP**

An excavation or embankment and related areas designed to retain stormwater runoff. A stormwater management BMP may either be normally dry (that is, a detention basin or infiltration system), retain water in a permanent pool (a retention basin), or be planted mainly with wetland vegetation (most constructed stormwater wetlands).

**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MEASURE**

Any practice, technology, process, program, or other method intended to control or reduce stormwater runoff and associated pollutants, or to induce or control the infiltration or groundwater recharge of stormwater or to eliminate illicit or illegal non-stormwater discharges into stormwater conveyances.

**STORMWATER RUNOFF**

Water flow on the surface of the ground or in storm sewers, resulting from precipitation.

**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANNING AGENCY**

A public body authorized by legislation to prepare stormwater management plans.

**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANNING AREA**

The geographic area for which a stormwater management planning agency is authorized to prepare stormwater management plans, or a specific portion of that area identified in a stormwater management plan prepared by that agency.

**TIDAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA**

A flood hazard area in which the flood elevation resulting from the two-, 10-, or 100-year storm, as applicable, is governed by tidal flooding from the Atlantic Ocean. Flooding in a tidal flood hazard area may be contributed to, or influenced by, stormwater runoff from inland areas, but the depth of flooding generated by the tidal rise and fall of the Atlantic Ocean is greater than flooding from any fluvial sources. In

some situations, depending upon the extent of the storm surge from a particular storm event, a flood hazard area may be tidal in the 100-year storm, but fluvial in more frequent storm events.

**URBAN COORDINATING COUNCIL EMPOWERMENT NEIGHBORHOOD**

A neighborhood given priority access to State resources through the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority.

**URBAN ENTERPRISE ZONES**

A zone designated by the New Jersey Enterprise Zone Authority pursuant to the New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27H-60 et. seq.

**URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AREA**

Defined as previously developed portions of areas:

1. Delineated on the State Plan Policy Map (SPPM) as the Metropolitan Planning Area (PA1), Designated Centers, Cores or Nodes;
2. Designated as CAFRA Centers, Cores or Nodes;
3. Designated as Urban Enterprise Zones; and
4. Designated as Urban Coordinating Council Empowerment Neighborhoods.

**WATER CONTROL STRUCTURE**

A structure within, or adjacent to, a water, which intentionally or coincidentally alters the hydraulic capacity, the flood elevation resulting from the two-, 10-, or 100-year storm, flood hazard area limit, and/or floodway limit of the water. Examples of a water control structure may include a bridge, culvert, dam, embankment, ford (if above grade), retaining wall, and weir.

**WATERS OF THE STATE**

The ocean and its estuaries, all springs, streams, wetlands, and bodies of surface or groundwater, whether natural or artificial, within the boundaries of the State of New Jersey or subject to its jurisdiction.

**WETLANDS or WETLAND**

An area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions, commonly known as hydrophytic vegetation.

**Section III. Design and Performance Standards for Stormwater Management Measures**

- A. Objectives. Stormwater management measures for major development shall be designed to provide erosion control, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity control, and stormwater runoff quality treatment as follows:
  1. The minimum standards for erosion control are those established under the Soil and Sediment Control Act, N.J.S.A. 4:24-39 et seq., and implementing rules at N.J.A.C. 2:90.
  2. The minimum standards for groundwater recharge, stormwater quality, and stormwater runoff quantity shall be met by incorporating green infrastructure.
- B. Scope. The standards in this ordinance apply only to new major development and are intended to minimize the impact of stormwater runoff on water quality and water quantity in receiving water bodies and maintain groundwater recharge. The standards do not apply to new major development to the extent that alternative design and performance standards are applicable under a regional stormwater

management plan or Water Quality Management Plan adopted in accordance with Department rules.

#### **Section IV. Stormwater Management Requirements for Major Development**

- A. The development shall incorporate a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development in accordance with Section X.
- B. Stormwater management measures shall avoid adverse impacts of concentrated flow on habitat for threatened and endangered species as documented in the Department's Landscape Project or Natural Heritage Database established under N.J.S.A. 13:1B-15.147 through 15.150, particularly *Helonias bullata* (swamp pink) and/or *Clemmys muhlenbergi* (bog turtle).
- C. The following linear development projects are exempt from the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity requirements of Section IV.P, Q and R:
  1. The construction of an underground utility line provided that the disturbed areas are revegetated upon completion;
  2. The construction of an aboveground utility line provided that the existing conditions are maintained to the maximum extent practicable; and
  3. The construction of a public pedestrian access, such as a sidewalk or trail with a maximum width of 14 feet, provided that the access is made of permeable material.
- D. A waiver from strict compliance from the green infrastructure, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity requirements of Section IV.O, P, Q and R may be obtained for the enlargement of an existing public roadway or railroad; or the construction or enlargement of a public pedestrian access, provided that the following conditions are met:
  1. The applicant demonstrates that there is a public need for the project that cannot be accomplished by any other means;
  2. The applicant demonstrates through an alternatives analysis, that through the use of stormwater management measures, the option selected complies with the requirements of Section IV.O, P, Q and R to the maximum extent practicable;
  3. The applicant demonstrates that, in order to meet the requirements of Section IV.O, P, Q and R, existing structures currently in use, such as homes and buildings, would need to be condemned; and
  4. The applicant demonstrates that it does not own or have other rights to areas, including the potential to obtain through condemnation lands not falling under IV.D.3 above within the upstream drainage area of the receiving stream, that would provide additional opportunities to mitigate the requirements of Section IV.O, P, Q and R that were not achievable onsite.
- E. Tables 1 through 3 below summarize the ability of stormwater best management practices identified and described in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual to satisfy the green infrastructure, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality and stormwater runoff quantity standards specified in Section IV.O, P, Q and R. When designed in accordance with the most current version of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, the stormwater management measures found at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2 (f) Tables 5-1, 5-2 and 5-3 and listed below in Tables 1, 2 and 3 are presumed to be capable of providing stormwater controls for the design and performance standards as outlined in the tables below. Upon amendments of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices to reflect additions or deletions of BMPs meeting these standards, or changes in the presumed performance of BMPs designed in accordance with the New Jersey Stormwater BMP Manual, the Department shall

publish in the New Jersey Registers a notice of administrative change revising the applicable table. The most current version of the BMP Manual can be found on the Department’s website at:

[https://njstormwater.org/bmp\\_manual2.htm](https://njstormwater.org/bmp_manual2.htm).

- F. Where the BMP tables in the NJ Stormwater Management Rule are different due to updates or amendments with the tables in this ordinance the BMP Tables in the Stormwater Management rule at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.2(f) shall take precedence.

<b>Table 1</b> <b>Green Infrastructure BMPs for Groundwater Recharge, Stormwater Runoff Quality, and/or Stormwater Runoff Quantity</b>				
<b>Best Management Practice</b>	<b>Stormwater Runoff Quality TSS Removal Rate (percent)</b>	<b>Stormwater Runoff Quantity</b>	<b>Groundwater Recharge</b>	<b>Minimum Separation from Seasonal High Water Table (feet)</b>
<u>Cistern</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>--</u>
<u>Dry Well<sup>(a)</sup></u>	<u>0</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Grass Swale</u>	<u>50 or less</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>2<sup>(e)</sup></u> <u>1<sup>(f)</sup></u>
<u>Green Roof</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>--</u>
<u>Manufactured Treatment Device<sup>(a) (g)</sup></u>	<u>50 or 80</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Dependent upon the device</u>
<u>Pervious Paving System<sup>(a)</sup></u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes<sup>(b)</sup></u> <u>No<sup>(c)</sup></u>	<u>2<sup>(b)</sup></u> <u>1<sup>(c)</sup></u>
<u>Small-Scale Bioretention Basin<sup>(a)</sup></u>	<u>80 or 90</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes<sup>(b)</sup></u> <u>No<sup>(c)</sup></u>	<u>2<sup>(b)</sup></u> <u>1<sup>(c)</sup></u>
<u>Small-Scale Infiltration Basin<sup>(a)</sup></u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Small-Scale Sand Filter</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>Vegetative Filter Strip</u>	<u>60-80</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>--</u>

(Notes corresponding to annotations <sup>(a)</sup> through <sup>(g)</sup> are found on Page D-15)

<b>Table 2</b> <b>Green Infrastructure BMPs for Stormwater Runoff Quantity (or for Groundwater Recharge and/or Stormwater Runoff Quality with a Waiver or Variance from N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3)</b>				
<b>Best Management Practice</b>	<b>Stormwater Runoff Quality TSS Removal Rate (percent)</b>	<b>Stormwater Runoff Quantity</b>	<b>Groundwater Recharge</b>	<b>Minimum Separation from Seasonal High Water Table (feet)</b>
<u>Bioretention System</u>	<u>80 or 90</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes<sup>(b)</sup></u> <u>No<sup>(c)</sup></u>	<u>2<sup>(b)</sup></u> <u>1<sup>(c)</sup></u>

<a href="#">Infiltration Basin</a>	<a href="#">80</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">Sand Filter<sup>(b)</sup></a>	<a href="#">80</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">Standard Constructed Wetland</a>	<a href="#">90</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">N/A</a>
<a href="#">Wet Pond<sup>(d)</sup></a>	<a href="#">50-90</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">N/A</a>

(Notes corresponding to annotations <sup>(b)</sup> through <sup>(d)</sup> are found on Page D-15)

<b><u>Table 3</u></b> <b><u>BMPs for Groundwater Recharge, Stormwater Runoff Quality, and/or Stormwater Runoff Quantity only with a Waiver or Variance from N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3</u></b>				
<b><u>Best Management Practice</u></b>	<b><u>Stormwater Runoff Quality TSS Removal Rate (percent)</u></b>	<b><u>Stormwater Runoff Quantity</u></b>	<b><u>Groundwater Recharge</u></b>	<b><u>Minimum Separation from Seasonal High Water Table (feet)</u></b>
<a href="#">Blue Roof</a>	<a href="#">0</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">N/A</a>
<a href="#">Extended Detention Basin</a>	<a href="#">40-60</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Manufactured Treatment Device<sup>(h)</sup></a>	<a href="#">50 or 80</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">Dependent upon the device</a>
<a href="#">Sand Filter<sup>(c)</sup></a>	<a href="#">80</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Subsurface Gravel Wetland</a>	<a href="#">90</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Wet Pond</a>	<a href="#">50-90</a>	<a href="#">Yes</a>	<a href="#">No</a>	<a href="#">N/A</a>

Notes to Tables 1, 2, and 3:

(a) subject to the applicable contributory drainage area limitation specified at Section IV.0.2;

(b) designed to infiltrate into the subsoil;

(c) designed with underdrains;

(d) designed to maintain at least a 10-foot wide area of native vegetation along at least 50 percent

of the shoreline and to include a stormwater runoff retention component designed to capture stormwater runoff for beneficial reuse, such as irrigation;

(e) designed with a slope of less than two percent;

(f) designed with a slope of equal to or greater than two percent;

(g) manufactured treatment devices that meet the definition of green infrastructure at Section II;

(h) manufactured treatment devices that do not meet the definition of green infrastructure at Section II.

G. An alternative stormwater management measure, alternative removal rate, and/or alternative method to calculate the removal rate may be used if the design engineer demonstrates the capability of the proposed alternative stormwater management measure and/or the validity of the alternative rate or method to the municipality. A copy of any approved alternative stormwater management measure, alternative removal rate, and/or alternative method to calculate the removal rate shall be provided to the Department in accordance with Section VI.B. Alternative stormwater management measures may be used to satisfy the

requirements at Section IV.O only if the measures meet the definition of green infrastructure at Section II. Alternative stormwater management measures that function in a similar manner to a BMP listed at Section O.2 are subject to the contributory drainage area limitation specified at Section O.2 for that similarly functioning BMP. Alternative stormwater management measures approved in accordance with this subsection that do not function in a similar manner to any BMP listed at Section O.2 shall have a contributory drainage area less than or equal to 2.5 acres, except for alternative stormwater management measures that function similarly to cisterns, grass swales, green roofs, standard constructed wetlands, vegetative filter strips, and wet ponds, which are not subject to a contributory drainage area limitation. Alternative measures that function similarly to standard constructed wetlands or wet ponds shall not be used for compliance with the stormwater runoff quality standard unless a variance in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.6 or a waiver from strict compliance in accordance with Section IV.D is granted from Section IV.O.

- H. Whenever the stormwater management design includes one or more BMPs that will infiltrate stormwater into subsoil, the design engineer shall assess the hydraulic impact on the groundwater table and design the site, so as to avoid adverse hydraulic impacts. Potential adverse hydraulic impacts include, but are not limited to, exacerbating a naturally or seasonally high water table, so as to cause surficial ponding, flooding of basements, or interference with the proper operation of subsurface sewage disposal systems or other subsurface structures within the zone of influence of the groundwater mound, or interference with the proper functioning of the stormwater management measure itself.
- I. Design standards for stormwater management measures are as follows:
  - 1. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to take into account the existing site conditions, including, but not limited to, environmentally critical areas; wetlands; flood-prone areas; slopes; depth to seasonal high water table; soil type, permeability, and texture; drainage area and drainage patterns; and the presence of solution-prone carbonate rocks (limestone);
  - 2. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to minimize maintenance, facilitate maintenance and repairs, and ensure proper functioning. Trash racks shall be installed at the intake to the outlet structure, as appropriate, and shall have parallel bars with one-inch spacing between the bars to the elevation of the water quality design storm. For elevations higher than the water quality design storm, the parallel bars at the outlet structure shall be spaced no greater than one-third the width of the diameter of the orifice or one-third the width of the weir, with a minimum spacing between bars of one inch and a maximum spacing between bars of six inches. In addition, the design of trash racks must comply with the requirements of Section VIII.C;
  - 3. Stormwater management measures shall be designed, constructed, and installed to be strong, durable, and corrosion resistant. Measures that are consistent with the relevant portions of the Residential Site Improvement Standards at N.J.A.C. 5:21-7.3, 7.4, and 7.5 shall be deemed to meet this requirement;
  - 4. Stormwater management BMPs shall be designed to meet the minimum safety standards for stormwater management BMPs at Section VIII; and
  - 5. The size of the orifice at the intake to the outlet from the stormwater management BMP shall be a minimum of two and one-half inches in diameter.
- J. Manufactured treatment devices may be used to meet the requirements of this subchapter, provided the pollutant removal rates are verified by the New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology and certified by the Department. Manufactured treatment devices that do not meet the definition of green infrastructure at Section II may be used only under the circumstances described at Section IV.O.4.

- K. Any application for a new agricultural development that meets the definition of major development at Section II shall be submitted to the Soil Conservation District for review and approval in accordance with the requirements at Sections IV.O, P, Q and R and any applicable Soil Conservation District guidelines for stormwater runoff quantity and erosion control. For purposes of this subsection, "agricultural development" means land uses normally associated with the production of food, fiber, and livestock for sale. Such uses do not include the development of land for the processing or sale of food and the manufacture of agriculturally related products.
- L. If there is more than one drainage area, the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section IV.P, Q and R shall be met in each drainage area, unless the runoff from the drainage areas converge onsite and no adverse environmental impact would occur as a result of compliance with any one or more of the individual standards being determined utilizing a weighted average of the results achieved for that individual standard across the affected drainage areas.
- M. Any stormwater management measure authorized under the municipal stormwater management plan or ordinance shall be reflected in a deed notice recorded in the Office of the Hunterdon County Clerk. A form of deed notice shall be submitted to the municipality for approval prior to filing. The deed notice shall contain a description of the stormwater management measure(s) used to meet the green infrastructure, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section IV.O, P, Q and R and shall identify the location of the stormwater management measure(s) in NAD 1983 State Plane New Jersey FIPS 2900 US Feet or Latitude and Longitude in decimal degrees. The deed notice shall also reference the maintenance plan required to be recorded upon the deed pursuant to Section X.B.5. Prior to the commencement of construction, proof that the above required deed notice has been filed shall be submitted to the municipality. Proof that the required information has been recorded on the deed shall be in the form of either a copy of the complete recorded document or a receipt from the clerk or other proof of recordation provided by the recording office. However, if the initial proof provided to the municipality is not a copy of the complete recorded document, a copy of the complete recorded document shall be provided to the municipality within 180 calendar days of the authorization granted by the municipality.
- N. A stormwater management measure approved under the municipal stormwater management plan or ordinance may be altered or replaced with the approval of the municipality, if the municipality determines that the proposed alteration or replacement meets the design and performance standards pursuant to Section IV of this ordinance and provides the same level of stormwater management as the previously approved stormwater management measure that is being altered or replaced. If an alteration or replacement is approved, a revised deed notice shall be submitted to the municipality for approval and subsequently recorded with the Office of the Hunterdon County Clerk and shall contain a description and location of the stormwater management measure, as well as reference to the maintenance plan, in accordance with M above. Prior to the commencement of construction, proof that the above required deed notice has been filed shall be submitted to the municipality in accordance with M above.
- O. Green Infrastructure Standards
1. This subsection specifies the types of green infrastructure BMPs that may be used to satisfy the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards.
  2. To satisfy the groundwater recharge and stormwater runoff quality standards at Section IV.P and Q, the design engineer shall utilize green infrastructure

BMPs identified in Table 1 at Section IV.F. and/or an alternative stormwater management measure approved in accordance with Section IV.G. The following green infrastructure BMPs are subject to the following maximum contributory drainage area limitations:

<u>Best Management Practice</u>	<u>Maximum Contributory Drainage Area</u>
<u>Dry Well</u>	<u>1 acre</u>
<u>Manufactured Treatment Device</u>	<u>2.5 acres</u>
<u>Pervious Pavement Systems</u>	<u>Area of additional inflow cannot exceed three times the area occupied by the BMP</u>
<u>Small-scale Bioretention Systems</u>	<u>2.5 acres</u>
<u>Small-scale Infiltration Basin</u>	<u>2.5 acres</u>
<u>Small-scale Sand Filter</u>	<u>2.5 acres</u>

3. To satisfy the stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section IV.R, the design engineer shall utilize BMPs from Table 1 or from Table 2 and/or an alternative stormwater management measure approved in accordance with Section IV.G.
4. If a variance in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.6 or a waiver from strict compliance in accordance with Section IV.D is granted from the requirements of this subsection, then BMPs from Table 1, 2, or 3, and/or an alternative stormwater management measure approved in accordance with Section IV.G may be used to meet the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section IV.P, Q and R.
5. For separate or combined storm sewer improvement projects, such as sewer separation, undertaken by a government agency or public utility (for example, a sewerage company), the requirements of this subsection shall only apply to areas owned in fee simple by the government agency or utility, and areas within a right-of-way or easement held or controlled by the government agency or utility; the entity shall not be required to obtain additional property or property rights to fully satisfy the requirements of this subsection. Regardless of the amount of area of a separate or combined storm sewer improvement project subject to the green infrastructure requirements of this subsection, each project shall fully comply with the applicable groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quality control, and stormwater runoff quantity standards at Section IV.P, Q and R, unless the project is granted a waiver from strict compliance in accordance with Section IV.D.

P. Groundwater Recharge Standards

1. This subsection contains the minimum design and performance standards for groundwater recharge as follows:
2. The design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff and groundwater recharge calculations at Section V, either:
  - i. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the site and its stormwater management measures maintain 100 percent of the average annual pre-construction groundwater recharge volume for the site; or
  - ii. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increase of stormwater runoff volume from pre-construction to post-construction for the 2-year storm is infiltrated.

3. This groundwater recharge requirement does not apply to projects within the “urban redevelopment area,” or to projects subject to 4 below.
4. The following types of stormwater shall not be recharged:
  - i. Stormwater from areas of high pollutant loading. High pollutant loading areas are areas in industrial and commercial developments where solvents and/or petroleum products are loaded/unloaded, stored, or applied, areas where pesticides are loaded/unloaded or stored; areas where hazardous materials are expected to be present in greater than “reportable quantities” as defined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR 302.4; areas where recharge would be inconsistent with Department approved remedial action work plan or landfill closure plan and areas with high risks for spills of toxic materials, such as gas stations and vehicle maintenance facilities; and
  - ii. Industrial stormwater exposed to “source material.” “Source material” means any material(s) or machinery, located at an industrial facility, that is directly or indirectly related to process, manufacturing or other industrial activities, which could be a source of pollutants in any industrial stormwater discharge to groundwater. Source materials include, but are not limited to, raw materials; intermediate products; final products; waste materials; by-products; industrial machinery and fuels, and lubricants, solvents, and detergents that are related to process, manufacturing, or other industrial activities that are exposed to stormwater.

#### Q. Stormwater Runoff Quality Standards

1. This subsection contains the minimum design and performance standards to control stormwater runoff quality impacts of major development. Stormwater runoff quality standards are applicable when the major development results in an increase of one-quarter acre or more of regulated motor vehicle surface.
2. Stormwater management measures shall be designed to reduce the post-construction load of total suspended solids (TSS) in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality design storm as follows:
  - i. Eighty percent (80%) TSS removal of the anticipated load, expressed as an annual average shall be achieved for the stormwater runoff from the net increase of motor vehicle surface.
  - ii. If the surface is considered regulated motor vehicle surface because the water quality treatment for an area of motor vehicle surface that is currently receiving water quality treatment either by vegetation or soil, by an existing stormwater management measure, or by treatment at a wastewater treatment plant is to be modified or removed, the project shall maintain or increase the existing TSS removal of the anticipated load expressed as an annual average.
3. The requirement to reduce TSS does not apply to any stormwater runoff in a discharge regulated under a numeric effluent limitation for TSS imposed under the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) rules, N.J.A.C. 7:14A, or in a discharge specifically exempt under a NJPDES permit from this requirement. Every major development, including any that discharge into a combined sewer system, shall comply with 2 above, unless the major development is itself subject to a NJPDES permit with a numeric effluent limitation for TSS or the NJPDES permit to which the major development is subject exempts the development from a numeric effluent limitation for TSS.
4. The water quality design storm is 1.25 inches of rainfall in two hours. Water quality calculations shall take into account the distribution of rain from the water

quality design storm, as reflected in Table 4, below. The calculation of the volume of runoff may take into account the implementation of stormwater management measures.

**Table 4 - Water Quality Design Storm Distribution**

Time (Minutes)	Cumulative Rainfall (Inches)	Time (Minutes)	Cumulative Rainfall (Inches)	Time (Minutes)	Cumulative Rainfall (Inches)
1	0.00166	41	0.1728	81	1.0906
2	0.00332	42	0.1796	82	1.0972
3	0.00498	43	0.1864	83	1.1038
4	0.00664	44	0.1932	84	1.1104
5	0.00830	45	0.2000	85	1.1170
6	0.00996	46	0.2117	86	1.1236
7	0.01162	47	0.2233	87	1.1302
8	0.01328	48	0.2350	88	1.1368
9	0.01494	49	0.2466	89	1.1434
10	0.01660	50	0.2583	90	1.1500
11	0.01828	51	0.2783	91	1.1550
12	0.01996	52	0.2983	92	1.1600
13	0.02164	53	0.3183	93	1.1650
14	0.02332	54	0.3383	94	1.1700
15	0.02500	55	0.3583	95	1.1750
16	0.03000	56	0.4116	96	1.1800
17	0.03500	57	0.4650	97	1.1850
18	0.04000	58	0.5183	98	1.1900
19	0.04500	59	0.5717	99	1.1950
20	0.05000	60	0.6250	100	1.2000
21	0.05500	61	0.6783	101	1.2050
22	0.06000	62	0.7317	102	1.2100
23	0.06500	63	0.7850	103	1.2150
24	0.07000	64	0.8384	104	1.2200
25	0.07500	65	0.8917	105	1.2250
26	0.08000	66	0.9117	106	1.2267
27	0.08500	67	0.9317	107	1.2284
28	0.09000	68	0.9517	108	1.2300
29	0.09500	69	0.9717	109	1.2317
30	0.10000	70	0.9917	110	1.2334
31	0.10660	71	1.0034	111	1.2351
32	0.11320	72	1.0150	112	1.2367
33	0.11980	73	1.0267	113	1.2384
34	0.12640	74	1.0383	114	1.2400
35	0.13300	75	1.0500	115	1.2417
36	0.13960	76	1.0568	116	1.2434
37	0.14620	77	1.0636	117	1.2450
38	0.15280	78	1.0704	118	1.2467
39	0.15940	79	1.0772	119	1.2483
40	0.16600	80	1.0840	120	1.2500

5. If more than one BMP in series is necessary to achieve the required 80 percent TSS reduction for a site, the applicant shall utilize the following formula to calculate TSS reduction:

$$R = A + B - (A \times B) / 100,$$

Where

R = total TSS Percent Load Removal from application of both BMPs, and

A = the TSS Percent Removal Rate applicable to the first BMP

B = the TSS Percent Removal Rate applicable to the second BMP.

6. Stormwater management measures shall also be designed to reduce, to the maximum extent feasible, the post-construction nutrient load of the anticipated load from the developed site in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality design storm. In achieving reduction of nutrients to the maximum extent feasible, the design of the site shall include green infrastructure BMPs that optimize nutrient removal while still achieving the performance standards in Section IV.P, Q and R.
7. In accordance with the definition of FW1 at N.J.A.C. 7:9B-1.4, stormwater management measures shall be designed to prevent any increase in stormwater runoff to waters classified as FW1.
8. The Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:13-4.1(c)1 establish 300-foot riparian zones along Category One waters, as designated in the Surface Water Quality Standards at N.J.A.C. 7:9B, and certain upstream tributaries to Category One waters. A person shall not undertake a major development that is located within or discharges into a 300-foot riparian zone without prior authorization from the Department under N.J.A.C. 7:13.
9. Pursuant to the Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:13-11.2(j)3.i, runoff from the water quality design storm that is discharged within a 300-foot riparian zone shall be treated in accordance with this subsection to reduce the post-construction load of total suspended solids by 95 percent of the anticipated load from the developed site, expressed as an annual average.
10. This stormwater runoff quality standards do not apply to the construction of one individual single-family dwelling, provided that it is not part of a larger development or subdivision that has received preliminary or final site plan approval prior to December 3, 2018, and that the motor vehicle surfaces are made of permeable material(s) such as gravel, dirt, and/or shells.

#### R. Stormwater Runoff Quantity Standards

1. This subsection contains the minimum design and performance standards to control stormwater runoff quantity impacts of major development.
2. In order to control stormwater runoff quantity impacts, the design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff calculations at Section V, complete one of the following:
  - i. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that for stormwater leaving the site, post-construction runoff hydrographs for the 2-, 10-, and 100-year storm events do not exceed, at any point in time, the pre-construction runoff hydrographs for the same storm events;
  - ii. Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that there is no increase, as compared to the pre-construction condition, in the peak runoff rates of stormwater leaving the site for the 2-, 10- and 100-year storm events and that the increased volume or change in timing of stormwater runoff will not increase flood damage at or downstream of the site. This analysis shall include the analysis of impacts of existing land uses and projected land uses assuming full development under existing zoning and land use ordinances in the drainage area;
  - iii. Design stormwater management measures so that the post-construction peak runoff rates for the 2-, 10- and 100-year storm events are 50, 75 and 80 percent, respectively, of the pre-construction peak runoff rates. The percentages apply only to the post-construction stormwater runoff that is attributable to the portion of the site on which the proposed development or project is to be constructed; or
  - iv. In tidal flood hazard areas, stormwater runoff quantity analysis in accordance with 2.i, ii and iii above is required unless the design engineer demonstrates through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increased

volume, change in timing, or increased rate of the stormwater runoff, or any combination of the three will not result in additional flood damage below the point of discharge of the major development. No analysis is required if the stormwater is discharged directly into any ocean, bay, inlet, or the reach of any watercourse between its confluence with an ocean, bay, or inlet and downstream of the first water control structure.

3. The stormwater runoff quantity standards shall be applied at the site's boundary to each abutting lot, roadway, watercourse, or receiving storm sewer system.

#### **Section V. Calculation of Stormwater Runoff and Groundwater Recharge:**

##### **A. Stormwater runoff shall be calculated in accordance with the following:**

1. The design engineer shall calculate runoff using one of the following methods:
  - i. The USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) methodology, including the NRCS Runoff Equation and Dimensionless Unit Hydrograph, as described in Chapters 7, 9, 10, 15 and 16 Part 630, Hydrology National Engineering Handbook, incorporated herein by reference as amended and supplemented. This methodology is additionally described in *Technical Release 55 - Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds* (TR-55), dated June 1986, incorporated herein by reference as amended and supplemented. Information regarding the methodology is available from the Natural Resources Conservation Service website at:

[https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE\\_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb1044171.pdf](https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb1044171.pdf)

or at United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, 220 Davison Avenue, Somerset, New Jersey 08873; or

- ii. The Rational Method for peak flow and the Modified Rational Method for hydrograph computations. The rational and modified rational methods are described in "Appendix A-9 Modified Rational Method" in the Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in New Jersey, January 2014. This document is available from the State Soil Conservation Committee or any of the Soil Conservation Districts listed at N.J.A.C. 2:90-1.3(a)3. The location, address, and telephone number for each Soil Conservation District is available from the State Soil Conservation Committee, PO Box 330, Trenton, New Jersey 08625. The document is also available at:

<http://www.nj.gov/agriculture/divisions/anr/pdf/2014NJSoilErosionControlStandardsComplete.pdf>

2. For the purpose of calculating runoff coefficients and groundwater recharge, there is a presumption that the pre-construction condition of a site or portion thereof is a wooded land use with good hydrologic condition. The term "runoff coefficient" applies to both the NRCS methodology above at Section V.A.1.i and the Rational and Modified Rational Methods at Section V.A.1.ii. A runoff coefficient or a groundwater recharge land cover for an existing condition may be used on all or a portion of the site if the design engineer verifies that the hydrologic condition has existed on the site or portion of the site for at least five years without interruption prior to the time of application. If more than one land cover have existed on the site during the five years immediately prior to the time of application, the land cover with the lowest runoff potential shall be used for the computations. In addition, there is the presumption that the site is in good hydrologic condition (if the land use type is pasture, lawn, or

park), with good cover (if the land use type is woods), or with good hydrologic condition and conservation treatment (if the land use type is cultivation).

3. In computing pre-construction stormwater runoff, the design engineer shall account for all significant land features and structures, such as ponds, wetlands, depressions, hedgerows, or culverts, that may reduce pre-construction stormwater runoff rates and volumes.
4. In computing stormwater runoff from all design storms, the design engineer shall consider the relative stormwater runoff rates and/or volumes of pervious and impervious surfaces separately to accurately compute the rates and volume of stormwater runoff from the site. To calculate runoff from unconnected impervious cover, urban impervious area modifications as described in the NRCS *Technical Release 55 – Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds* or other methods may be employed.
5. If the invert of the outlet structure of a stormwater management measure is below the flood hazard design flood elevation as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:13, the design engineer shall take into account the effects of tailwater in the design of structural stormwater management measures.

B. Groundwater recharge may be calculated in accordance with the following:

The New Jersey Geological Survey Report GSR-32, A Method for Evaluating Groundwater-Recharge Areas in New Jersey, incorporated herein by reference as amended and supplemented. Information regarding the methodology is available from the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual; at the New Jersey Geological Survey website at:

<https://www.nj.gov/dep/njgs/pricelst/greport/gsr32.pdf>

or at New Jersey Geological and Water Survey, 29 Arctic Parkway, PO Box 420 Mail Code 29-01, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420.

#### **Section VI. Sources for Technical Guidance:**

A. Technical guidance for stormwater management measures can be found in the documents listed below, which are available to download from the Department's website at:

[http://www.nj.gov/dep/stormwater/bmp\\_manual2.htm](http://www.nj.gov/dep/stormwater/bmp_manual2.htm).

1. Guidelines for stormwater management measures are contained in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual, as amended and supplemented. Information is provided on stormwater management measures such as, but not limited to, those listed in Tables 1, 2, and 3.
2. Additional maintenance guidance is available on the Department's website at:

[https://www.njstormwater.org/maintenance\\_guidance.htm](https://www.njstormwater.org/maintenance_guidance.htm).

B. Submissions required for review by the Department should be mailed to:

The Division of Water Quality, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Mail Code 401-02B, PO Box 420, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420.

#### **Section VII. Solids and Floatable Materials Control Standards:**

A. Site design features identified under Section IV.F above, or alternative designs in accordance with Section IV.G above, to prevent discharge of trash and debris from

drainage systems shall comply with the following standard to control passage of solid and floatable materials through storm drain inlets. For purposes of this paragraph, "solid and floatable materials" means sediment, debris, trash, and other floating, suspended, or settleable solids. For exemptions to this standard see Section VII.A.2 below.

1. Design engineers shall use one of the following grates whenever they use a grate in pavement or another ground surface to collect stormwater from that surface into a storm drain or surface water body under that grate:
  - i. The New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) bicycle safe grate, which is described in Chapter 2.4 of the NJDOT Bicycle Compatible Roadways and Bikeways Planning and Design Guidelines; or
  - ii. A different grate, if each individual clear space in that grate has an area of no more than seven (7.0) square inches, or is no greater than 0.5 inches across the smallest dimension.

Examples of grates subject to this standard include grates in grate inlets, the grate portion (non-curb-opening portion) of combination inlets, grates on storm sewer manholes, ditch grates, trench grates, and grates of spacer bars in slotted drains. Examples of ground surfaces include surfaces of roads (including bridges), driveways, parking areas, bikeways, plazas, sidewalks, lawns, fields, open channels, and stormwater system floors used to collect stormwater from the surface into a storm drain or surface water body.

- iii. For curb-opening inlets, including curb-opening inlets in combination inlets, the clear space in that curb opening, or each individual clear space if the curb opening has two or more clear spaces, shall have an area of no more than seven (7.0) square inches, or be no greater than two (2.0) inches across the smallest dimension.
2. The standard in A.1. above does not apply:
  - i. Where each individual clear space in the curb opening in existing curb-opening inlet does not have an area of more than nine (9.0) square inches;
  - ii. Where the municipality agrees that the standards would cause inadequate hydraulic performance that could not practicably be overcome by using additional or larger storm drain inlets;
  - iii. Where flows from the water quality design storm as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:8 are conveyed through any device (e.g., end of pipe netting facility, manufactured treatment device, or a catch basin hood) that is designed, at a minimum, to prevent delivery of all solid and floatable materials that could not pass through one of the following:
    - a. A rectangular space four and five-eighths (4.625) inches long and one and one-half (1.5) inches wide (this option does not apply for outfall netting facilities); or
    - b. A bar screen having a bar spacing of 0.5 inches.

Note that these exemptions do not authorize any infringement of requirements in the Residential Site Improvement Standards for bicycle safe grates in new residential development (N.J.A.C. 5:21-4.18(b)2 and 7.4(b)1).

- iv. Where flows are conveyed through a trash rack that has parallel bars with one-inch (1 inch) spacing between the bars, to the elevation of the Water Quality Design Storm as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:8; or
      - v. Where the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection determines, pursuant to the New Jersey Register of Historic Places Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:4-7.2(c), that action to meet this standard is an undertaking that

constitutes an encroachment or will damage or destroy the New Jersey Register listed historic property.

### **Section VIII. Safety Standards for Stormwater Management Basins:**

- A. This section sets forth requirements to protect public safety through the proper design and operation of stormwater management BMPs. This section applies to any new stormwater management BMP.
- B. The provisions of this section are not intended to preempt more stringent municipal or county safety requirements for new or existing stormwater management BMPs. Municipal and county stormwater management plans and ordinances may, pursuant to their authority, require existing stormwater management BMPs to be retrofitted to meet one or more of the safety standards in Section VIII.C.1, VIII.C.2, and VIII.C.3 for trash racks, overflow grates, and escape provisions at outlet structures.
- C. Requirements for Trash Racks, Overflow Grates and Escape Provisions
  1. A trash rack is a device designed to catch trash and debris and prevent the clogging of outlet structures. Trash racks shall be installed at the intake to the outlet from the Stormwater management BMP to ensure proper functioning of the BMP outlets in accordance with the following:
    - i. The trash rack shall have parallel bars, with no greater than six-inch spacing between the bars;
    - ii. The trash rack shall be designed so as not to adversely affect the hydraulic performance of the outlet pipe or structure;
    - iii. The average velocity of flow through a clean trash rack is not to exceed 2.5 feet per second under the full range of stage and discharge. Velocity is to be computed on the basis of the net area of opening through the rack; and
    - iv. The trash rack shall be constructed of rigid, durable, and corrosion resistant material and designed to withstand a perpendicular live loading of 300 pounds per square foot.
  2. An overflow grate is designed to prevent obstruction of the overflow structure. If an outlet structure has an overflow grate, such grate shall meet the following requirements:
    - i. The overflow grate shall be secured to the outlet structure but removable for emergencies and maintenance.
    - ii. The overflow grate spacing shall be no less than two inches across the smallest dimension
    - iii. The overflow grate shall be constructed and installed to be rigid, durable, and corrosion resistant, and shall be designed to withstand a perpendicular live loading of 300 pounds per square foot.
  3. Stormwater management BMPs shall include escape provisions as follows:
    - i. If a stormwater management BMP has an outlet structure, escape provisions shall be incorporated in or on the structure. Escape provisions include the installation of permanent ladders, steps, rungs, or other features that provide easily accessible means of egress from stormwater management BMPs. With the prior approval of the municipality pursuant to VIII.C, a free-standing outlet structure may be exempted from this requirement;
    - ii. Safety ledges shall be constructed on the slopes of all new stormwater management BMPs having a permanent pool of water deeper than two and one-half feet. Safety ledges shall be comprised of two steps. Each step shall be four to six feet in width. One step shall be located approximately two

and one-half feet below the permanent water surface, and the second step shall be located one to one and one-half feet above the permanent water surface. See VIII.E for an illustration of safety ledges in a stormwater management BMP; and

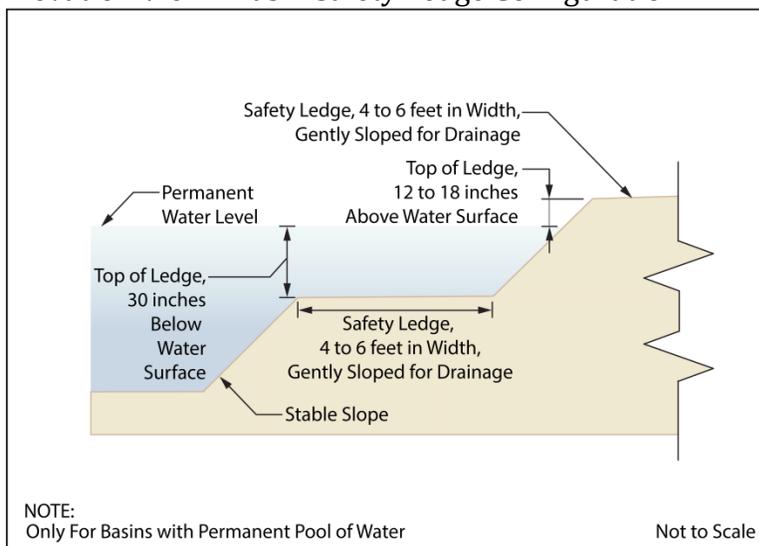
- iii. In new stormwater management BMPs, the maximum interior slope for an earthen dam, embankment, or berm shall not be steeper than three horizontal to one vertical.

D. Variance or Exemption from Safety Standard

A variance or exemption from the safety standards for stormwater management BMPs may be granted only upon a written finding by the municipality that the variance or exemption will not constitute a threat to public safety.

E. Safety Ledge Illustration

Elevation View –Basin Safety Ledge Configuration



**Section IX. Requirements for a Site Development Stormwater Plan:**

A. Submission of Site Development Stormwater Plan

1. Whenever an applicant seeks municipal approval of a development subject to this ordinance, the applicant shall submit all of the required components of the Checklist for the Site Development Stormwater Plan at Section IX.C below as part of the submission of the application for approval.
2. The applicant shall demonstrate that the project meets the standards set forth in this ordinance.
3. The applicant shall submit the number of copies of the materials listed in the checklist for site development stormwater plans in accordance with Section IX.C of this ordinance.

B. Site Development Stormwater Plan Approval

The applicant's Site Development project shall be reviewed as a part of the review process by the municipal board or official from which municipal approval is sought. That municipal board or official shall consult the municipality's review engineer to determine if all of the checklist requirements have been satisfied and to determine if the project meets the standards set forth in this ordinance.

C. Submission of Site Development Stormwater Plan

The following information shall be required:

### 1. Topographic Base Map

The reviewing engineer may require upstream tributary drainage system information as necessary. It is recommended that the topographic base map of the site be submitted which extends a minimum of 200 feet beyond the limits of the proposed development, at a scale of 1"=200' or greater, showing 2-foot contour intervals. The map as appropriate may indicate the following: existing surface water drainage, shorelines, steep slopes, soils, erodible soils, perennial or intermittent streams that drain into or upstream of the Category One waters, wetlands and flood plains along with their appropriate buffer strips, marshlands and other wetlands, pervious or vegetative surfaces, existing man-made structures, roads, bearing and distances of property lines, and significant natural and manmade features not otherwise shown.

### 2. Environmental Site Analysis

A written and graphic description of the natural and man-made features of the site and its surroundings should be submitted. This description should include a discussion of soil conditions, slopes, wetlands, waterways and vegetation on the site. Particular attention should be given to unique, unusual, or environmentally sensitive features and to those that provide particular opportunities or constraints for development.

### 3. Project Description and Site Plans

A map (or maps) at the scale of the topographical base map indicating the location of existing and proposed buildings roads, parking areas, utilities, structural facilities for stormwater management and sediment control, and other permanent structures. The map(s) shall also clearly show areas where alterations will occur in the natural terrain and cover, including lawns and other landscaping, and seasonal high groundwater elevations. A written description of the site plan and justification for proposed changes in natural conditions shall also be provided.

### 4. Land Use Planning and Source Control Plan

This plan shall provide a demonstration of how the goals and standards of Sections III through V are being met. The focus of this plan shall be to describe how the site is being developed to meet the objective of controlling groundwater recharge, stormwater quality and stormwater quantity problems at the source by land management and source controls whenever possible.

### 5. Stormwater Management Facilities Map

The following information, illustrated on a map of the same scale as the topographic base map, shall be included:

- i. Total area to be disturbed, paved or built upon, proposed surface contours, land area to be occupied by the stormwater management facilities and the type of vegetation thereon, and details of the proposed plan to control and dispose of stormwater.
- ii. Details of all stormwater management facility designs, during and after construction, including discharge provisions, discharge capacity for each outlet at different levels of detention and emergency spillway provisions with maximum discharge capacity of each spillway.

### 6. Calculations

- i. Comprehensive hydrologic and hydraulic design calculations for the pre-development and post-development conditions for the design storms specified in Section IV of this ordinance.

- ii. When the proposed stormwater management control measures depend on the hydrologic properties of soils or require certain separation from the seasonal high water table, then a soils report shall be submitted. The soils report shall be based on onsite boring logs or soil pit profiles. The number and location of required soil borings or soil pits shall be determined based on what is needed to determine the suitability and distribution of soils present at the location of the control measure.

#### 7. Maintenance and Repair Plan

The design and planning of the stormwater management facility shall meet the maintenance requirements of Section X.

#### 8. Waiver from Submission Requirements

The municipal official or board reviewing an application under this ordinance may, in consultation with the municipality's review engineer, waive submission of any of the requirements in Section IX.C.1 through IX.C.6 of this ordinance when it can be demonstrated that the information requested is impossible to obtain or it would create a hardship on the applicant to obtain and its absence will not materially affect the review process.

### **Section X. Maintenance and Repair:**

#### A. Applicability

Projects subject to review as in Section I.C of this ordinance shall comply with the requirements of Section X.B and X.C.

#### B. General Maintenance

1. The design engineer shall prepare a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development.
2. The maintenance plan shall contain specific preventative maintenance tasks and schedules; cost estimates, including estimated cost of sediment, debris, or trash removal; and the name, address, and telephone number of the person or persons responsible for preventative and corrective maintenance (including replacement). The plan shall contain information on BMP location, design, ownership, maintenance tasks and frequencies, and other details as specified in Chapter 8 of the NJ BMP Manual, as well as the tasks specific to the type of BMP, as described in the applicable chapter containing design specifics.
3. If the maintenance plan identifies a person other than the property owner (for example, a developer, a public agency or homeowners' association) as having the responsibility for maintenance, the plan shall include documentation of such person's or entity's agreement to assume this responsibility, or of the owner's obligation to dedicate a stormwater management facility to such person under an applicable ordinance or regulation.
4. Responsibility for maintenance shall not be assigned or transferred to the owner or tenant of an individual property in a residential development or project, unless such owner or tenant owns or leases the entire residential development or project. The individual property owner may be assigned incidental tasks, such as weeding of a green infrastructure BMP, provided the individual agrees to assume these tasks; however, the individual cannot be legally responsible for all of the maintenance required.
5. If the party responsible for maintenance identified under Section X.B.3 above is not a public agency, the maintenance plan and any future revisions based on

Section X.B.7 below shall be recorded upon the deed of record for each property on which the maintenance described in the maintenance plan must be undertaken.

6. Preventative and corrective maintenance shall be performed to maintain the functional parameters (storage volume, infiltration rates, inflow/outflow capacity, etc.) of the stormwater management measure, including, but not limited to, repairs or replacement to the structure; removal of sediment, debris, or trash; restoration of eroded areas; snow and ice removal; fence repair or replacement; restoration of vegetation; and repair or replacement of non-vegetated linings.
7. The party responsible for maintenance identified under Section X.B.3 above shall perform all of the following requirements:
  - i. maintain a detailed log of all preventative and corrective maintenance for the structural stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of the development, including a record of all inspections and copies of all maintenance-related work orders;
  - ii. evaluate the effectiveness of the maintenance plan at least once per year and adjust the plan and the deed as needed; and
  - iii. retain and make available, upon request by any public entity with administrative, health, environmental, or safety authority over the site, the maintenance plan and the documentation required by Section X.B.6 and B.7 above.
8. The requirements of Section X.B.3 and B.4 do not apply to stormwater management facilities that are dedicated to and accepted by the municipality or another governmental agency, subject to all applicable municipal stormwater general permit conditions, as issued by the Department.

[https://www.njstormwater.org/maintenance\\_guidance.htm](https://www.njstormwater.org/maintenance_guidance.htm).

9. In the event that the stormwater management facility becomes a danger to public safety or public health, or if it is in need of maintenance or repair, the municipality shall so notify the responsible person in writing. Upon receipt of that notice, the responsible person shall have fourteen (14) days to effect maintenance and repair of the facility in a manner that is approved by the municipal engineer or his designee. The municipality, in its discretion, may extend the time allowed for effecting maintenance and repair for good cause. If the responsible person fails or refuses to perform such maintenance and repair, the municipality or County may immediately proceed to do so and shall bill the cost thereof to the responsible person. Nonpayment of such bill may result in a lien on the property.
- C. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the municipality in which the major development is located from requiring the posting of a performance or maintenance guarantee in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40:55D-53.

**Part Two** - If any section, subdivision, paragraph, clause, or provision of this ordinance shall be adjudged invalid, such adjudication shall apply only to such section, subdivision, paragraph, clause, or provision and the remainder of this ordinance shall be deemed valid and effective. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

**Part Three** - This ordinance shall take effect upon the publication of notice of final adoption as provided by law.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

**Delaware Township  
Ordinance No. 2021 - 02  
Calendar Year 2021 Ordinance to Exceed Municipal Budget Appropriation Limits and  
to Establish a CAP Bank  
(N.J.S.A. 40A:4-45.4)**

**WHEREAS**, the Local Government Cap Law, N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.1 et seq., provides that in the preparation of its annual budget, a municipality shall limit any increase in said budget up to 1% unless authorized by ordinance to increase it to 3.5% over the previous year's final appropriations, subject to certain exceptions; and,

**WHEREAS**, N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.15a provides that a municipality may, when authorized by ordinance, appropriate the difference between the amount of its actual final appropriation and the 3.5% percentage rate as an exception to its final appropriations in either of the next two succeeding years; and,

**WHEREAS**, the Governing body of the Township of Delaware in the County of Hunterdon finds it advisable and necessary to increase its CY 2021 budget by up to 3.5% over the previous year's final appropriations, in the interest of promoting the health, safety and welfare of the citizens; and,

**WHEREAS**, the Governing body hereby determines that a 3.5% increase in the budget for said year, amounting to \$93,991.13 in excess of the increase in final appropriations otherwise permitted by the Local Government Cap Law, is advisable and necessary; and,

**WHEREAS**, the Governing body hereby determines that any amount authorized hereinabove that is not appropriated as part of the final budget shall be retained as an exception to final appropriation in either of the next two succeeding years.

**NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED**, by the Governing body of Township of Delaware, in the County of Hunterdon, a majority of the full authorized membership of this governing body affirmatively concurring, that, in the CY 2021 budget year, the final appropriations of the Township of Delaware shall, in accordance with this ordinance and N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.14, be increased by 3.5%, amounting to \$131,587.58, and that the CY 2021 municipal budget for the Township of Delaware be approved and adopted in accordance with this ordinance; and,

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that any that any amount authorized hereinabove that is not appropriated as part of the final budget shall be retained as an exception to final appropriation in either of the next two succeeding years; and,

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that a certified copy of this ordinance as introduced be filed with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services within 5 days of introduction; and,

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that a certified copy of this ordinance upon adoption, with the recorded vote included thereon, be filed with said Director within 5 days after such adoption.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

**Delaware Township  
Ordinance No. 2021 - 03  
Improvements to Rittenhouse Road**

BOND ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO RITTENHOUSE ROAD IN AND BY THE TOWNSHIP OF DELAWARE, IN THE COUNTY OF HUNTERDON, NEW JERSEY, APPROPRIATING \$230,068 THEREFOR AND AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF \$101,500 BONDS OR NOTES OF THE TOWNSHIP TO FINANCE PART OF THE COST THEREOF.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE OF THE TOWNSHIP OF DELAWARE, IN THE COUNTY OF HUNTERDON, NEW JERSEY (not less than two-thirds of all members thereof affirmatively concurring) AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The improvement described in Section 3(a) of this bond ordinance is hereby authorized to be undertaken by the Township of Delaware, in the County of Hunterdon, New Jersey (the "Township") as a general improvement. For the improvement or purpose described in Section 3(a), there is hereby appropriated the sum of \$230,068, including a grant from the State of New Jersey Department of Transportation in the amount of \$128,568 (the "State Grant"). No down payment is required pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40A:2-11(c) as the improvement or purpose referred to in Section 3(a) is being partially funded by the State Grant.

Section 2. In order to finance the cost of the improvement or purpose not covered by the State Grant, negotiable bonds are hereby authorized to be issued in the principal amount of \$101,500 pursuant to the Local Bond Law. In anticipation of the issuance of the bonds, negotiable bond anticipation notes are hereby authorized to be issued pursuant to and within the limitations prescribed by the Local Bond Law.

Section 3. (a) The improvement hereby authorized and the purpose for the financing of which the bonds are to be issued is improvements to Rittenhouse Road, including, but not limited to, excavation, milling, and swale reconstruction and further including all work and materials necessary therefor and incidental thereto.

(b) The estimated maximum amount of bonds or bond anticipation notes to be issued for the improvement or purpose is as stated in Section 2 hereof.

(c) The estimated cost of the improvement or purpose is equal to the amount of the appropriation herein made therefor.

Section 4. All bond anticipation notes issued hereunder shall mature at such times as may be determined by the chief financial officer; provided that no bond anticipation note shall mature later than one year from its date, unless such bond anticipation notes are permitted to mature at such later date in accordance with applicable law. The bond anticipation notes shall bear interest at such rate or rates and be in such form as may be determined by the chief financial officer. The chief financial officer shall determine all matters in connection with bond anticipation notes issued pursuant to this bond ordinance, and the chief financial officer's signature upon the bond anticipation notes shall be conclusive evidence as to all such determinations. All bond anticipation notes issued hereunder may be renewed from time to time subject to the provisions of the Local Bond Law or other applicable law. The chief financial officer is hereby authorized to sell part or all of the bond anticipation notes from time to time at public or private sale and to deliver them to the purchasers thereof upon receipt of payment of the purchase price plus accrued interest from their dates to the date of delivery thereof. The chief financial officer is directed to report in writing to the governing body at the meeting next succeeding the date when any sale or delivery of the bond anticipation notes pursuant to this bond ordinance is made. Such report must include the amount, the description, the interest rate and the maturity schedule of the bond anticipation notes sold, the price obtained and the name of the purchaser.

Section 5. The Township hereby certifies that it has adopted a capital budget or a temporary capital budget, as applicable. The capital or temporary capital budget of the Township is hereby amended to conform with the provisions of this bond ordinance to the

extent of any inconsistency herewith. To the extent that the purposes authorized herein are inconsistent with the adopted capital or temporary capital budget, a revised capital or temporary capital budget has been filed with the Division of Local Government Services.

Section 6. The following additional matters are hereby determined, declared, recited and stated:

(a) The improvement or purpose described in Section 3(a) of this bond ordinance is not a current expense. It is an improvement or purpose that the Township may lawfully undertake as a general improvement, and no part of the cost thereof has been or shall be specially assessed on property specially benefitted thereby.

(b) The period of usefulness of the improvement or purpose within the limitations of the Local Bond Law, according to the reasonable life thereof computed from the date of the bonds authorized by this bond ordinance, is 10 years.

(c) The Supplemental Debt Statement required by the Local Bond Law has been duly prepared and filed in the office of the Clerk, and a complete executed duplicate thereof has been filed in the office of the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs of the State of New Jersey. Such statement shows that the gross debt of the Township as defined in the Local Bond Law is increased by the authorization of the bonds and notes provided in this bond ordinance by \$101,500, and the obligations authorized herein will be within all debt limitations prescribed by the Local Bond Law.

(d) An aggregate amount not exceeding \$45,000 for items of expense listed in and permitted under N.J.S.A. 40A:2-20 is included in the estimated cost indicated herein for the purpose or improvement.

Section 7. The Township hereby declares the intent of the Township to issue bonds or bond anticipation notes in the amount authorized in Section 2 of this bond ordinance and to use the proceeds to pay or reimburse expenditures for the costs of the purposes described in Section 3(a) of this bond ordinance. This Section 7 is a declaration of intent within the meaning and for purposes of the Treasury Regulations.

Section 8. Any grant moneys received for the purpose described in Section 3(a) hereof shall be applied either to direct payment of the cost of the improvement or, if other than the State Grant, to payment of the obligations issued pursuant to this bond ordinance. The amount of obligations authorized but not issued hereunder shall be reduced to the extent that such funds are so used.

Section 9. The chief financial officer of the Township is hereby authorized to prepare and to update from time to time as necessary a financial disclosure document to be distributed in connection with the sale of obligations of the Township and to execute such disclosure document on behalf of the Township. The chief financial officer is further authorized to enter into the appropriate undertaking to provide secondary market disclosure on behalf of the Township pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Rule") for the benefit of holders and beneficial owners of obligations of the Township and to amend such undertaking from time to time in connection with any change in law, or interpretation thereof, provided such undertaking is and continues to be, in the opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel, consistent with the requirements of the Rule. In the event that the Township fails to comply with its undertaking, the Township shall not be liable for any monetary damages, and the remedy shall be limited to specific performance of the undertaking.

Section 10. The full faith and credit of the Township are hereby pledged to the punctual payment of the principal of and the interest on the obligations authorized by this bond ordinance. The obligations shall be direct, unlimited obligations of the Township, and the Township shall be obligated to levy ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable real property within the Township for the payment of the obligations and the interest thereon without limitation of rate or amount.

Section 11. This bond ordinance shall take effect 20 days after the first publication thereof after final adoption, as provided by the Local Bond Law

**APPROVAL OF RESOLUTIONS #2021-19, 2021-20, 2021-21, 2021-22, 2021-23, 2021-24**  
**Delaware Township Resolution #2021-19**  
**Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse**  
**Fiscal Grant Cycle July 2020 – June 2025**

WHEREAS, the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse established the Municipal Alliances for the Prevention of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in 1989 to educate and engage residents, local government and law enforcement officials, schools, nonprofit organizations, the faith community, parents, youth and other allies in efforts to prevent alcoholism and drug abuse in communities throughout New Jersey.

WHEREAS, The Township Council of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey recognizes that the abuse of alcohol and drugs is a serious problem in our society amongst persons of all ages; and therefore, has an established Municipal Alliance Committee; and,

WHEREAS, the Township Council further recognizes that it is incumbent upon not only public officials but upon the entire community to take action to prevent such abuses in our community; and,

WHEREAS, the Township Council has applied for funding to the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse through the County of Hunterdon;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey hereby recognizes the following:

1. The Township Council does hereby authorize submission of a strategic plan for the Central Hunterdon Municipal Alliance grant for fiscal year R 2021 in the amount of:

DEDR	\$ 10,007.00
Cash Match	\$ 2,501.75
In-Kind	\$ 7,505.25

2. The Township Council acknowledges the terms and conditions for administering the Municipal Alliance grant, including the administrative compliance and audit requirements.

3. The Township Council further acknowledges that the Hunterdon County Educational Services Commission shall act as Fiscal Agent to all Hunterdon County Municipal Alliance Consortiums to provide a streamlined process for the reimbursement of expenditures.

APPROVED:

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Maria Andrews, Municipal Clerk of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and exact copy of a resolution duly authorized by the Township Council on this 8th day of February, 2021.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

Approved: February 8, 2021

**Delaware Township Resolution #2021-20**  
**Regarding Emergency Remote Meeting Protocol, Procedures and Requirements for Public Participation at Remote Meetings**

WHEREAS, the purpose of N.J.A.C. 5:39-1 et seq, Emergency Remote Meeting Protocol for Local Public Bodies, is to ensure that local public bodies can continue to conduct official business in an open and transparent manner whenever a declared emergency exists that prohibits physical attendance by members of the public; and

WHEREAS, a “Declared Emergency” means a public health emergency pursuant to the Health Powers Act (N.J.S.A. 26:13-1 et seq.), or a state of emergency, pursuant to P.L. 1942, c. 251 or both, or a state of local disaster emergency which has been declared by the Governor and is in effect; and

WHEREAS, N.J.A.C. 5:39-1.3 permits a local public body to hold a remote public meeting to conduct public business during a declared emergency if the emergency reasonably prevents a local public body from safely conducting public business at a physical location with members of the public present; and

WHEREAS, if during a declared emergency the Township of Delaware (the “Township”) holds a physical meeting in a location where, pursuant to State/Federal guidelines meant to mitigate risk, capacity restrictions are required to reduce the number of individuals that can be present in a meeting, the Township Committee shall either:

Hold the public meeting at another location with adequate capacity for the reasonable expected attendance by the public; or

Hold the public meeting remotely; and

WHEREAS, no in person meeting shall proceed if the room capacity does not permit any member of the public to attend; and

WHEREAS, a public meeting held in person shall not prohibit members of the public from attending in person; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:39-1, if the Township holds a remote meeting to conduct public business they shall use electronic communication technology routinely used in business settings that can be accessed by the public at no cost and with participant capacity consistent with the reasonable expectations of the public body for the type of public meeting being held and shall, at minimum, not be limited to fewer than 50 public participants (beyond those persons required to conduct business at the meeting); and

WHEREAS, remote public meetings may be held by the Township in a format as selected by the governing body, by means including but not limited to, audio-only teleconferencing, electronic communications platforms with video and audio or live streaming via the internet and shall, additionally, provide a telephonic conference line to allow members of the public to dial in by telephone to listen and to provide public comment; and

WHEREAS, when the Township holds a remote public meeting they shall allow members of the public to make public comment by audio or by audio and video if the meeting is being held over both; and

WHEREAS, any remote public meeting where sworn testimony is being taken shall be broadcast by video as well as audio and all individuals giving sworn testimony shall appear by video in addition to audio; and

WHEREAS, any presentation or documents that would otherwise be viewed or made available to members of the public physically attending a local public meeting shall be made visible on a video broadcast of the remote public meeting or made available on the internet website ([www.delawaretwpnj.org](http://www.delawaretwpnj.org)) of the Township; and

WHEREAS, the electronic communications used for a remote public meeting shall have a function that allows the Township to mute the audio of all members of the public as well as allow members of the public to mute themselves and same shall be announced at the beginning of every remote public session; and

WHEREAS, adequate notice of the remote public meeting shall also include, in addition to the OPMA requirements of N.J.S.A. 10: 4-8, clear and concise instructions for accessing the remote public meeting, the means for making public comment and how to access any public documents on their internet website in the manner as set forth at N.J.A.C. 5:39-1.5; and

WHEREAS, at the commencement of a remote public meeting the Mayor or his designee, shall announce publicly and shall cause to be entered into the minutes an accurate statement regarding

adequate and electronic notice or an explanation of the reason or reasons it was not adequately provided as set forth in N.J.A.C. 5:39-1.5(g); and

WHEREAS, prior to the commencement of a remote public meeting the Township Committee shall make a copy of the agenda available to the public for download on the website at [www.delawaretpnj.org](http://www.delawaretpnj.org) and shall post same at the building where the meeting would otherwise be held, including posting of same at any designated and clearly delineated handicap access entrance to the building; and

WHEREAS, in support of and respect for an open, fair and informed decision-making process, the Township Committee recognizes that civil, respectful and courteous discourse and behavior are conducive to the democratic and harmonious airing of concerns and decision making; and

WHEREAS, in an effort to preserve the intent of open government and maintain a positive environment for citizen input and Township Committee decision making, it has been decided that policies and rules should be established to promote civility and maintain decorum at local public meetings and remote public meetings in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:39-1.4 (f)-(h); and

WHEREAS, if a member of the public becomes disruptive during a remote public meeting, including during any period for public comment, the Mayor or his designee, shall mute or continue muting, or direct appropriate staff to mute or continue muting, the disruptive member of the public and warn that continued disruption may result in their being prevented from speaking during the remote public meeting or removed from the remote public meeting; and

WHEREAS, disruptive conduct at a public or remote public meeting includes sustained inappropriate behaviors such as, but not necessarily limited to, shouting, interruption, and use of profanity; and

WHEREAS, any member of the public who continues to act in a disruptive manner at a remote public meeting after receiving an initial warning, may be muted while other members of the public are allowed to proceed with their questions or comments; and

WHEREAS, if time permits, the disruptive individual shall be allowed to speak after all other members of the public have been given the opportunity to make comment and, if the person still remains disruptive, the individual may be muted or kept on mute for the remainder of the remote public meeting, or removed from the remote public meeting; and

WHEREAS, the content of the electronic notice shall be posted on the bulletin board where the public would routinely attend public meetings of the local public body in person and the notice must be viewable from the outside; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Township Committee of the Township of Delaware that the standards and procedures for emergency remote meeting protocol as set forth in this resolution and as codified in N.J.A.C. 5:39-1 et seq. are hereby established and adopted; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that procedures and requirements for public participation are hereby established and adopted in order to safeguard public participation in any public or remote public meetings in the Township of Delaware and shall apply to all members of the public in attendance at any public or remote public meeting in the Township of Delaware.

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James Waltman, Mayor

#### CERTIFICATION

I, Maria Andrews, Township Clerk of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, hereby certify this to be a true copy of a resolution adopted by the Township Committee on February 8, 2021.

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Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

Approved: February 8, 2021

**Delaware Township Resolution #2021-21  
Rittenhouse Road Project**

Approval to submit a grant application and execute a grant contract with the New Jersey Department of Transportation for the Rittenhouse Road Project.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that Delaware Township Committee formally approves the grant application for the above stated project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Delaware Township Mayor, Township Committee and Clerk are hereby authorized to submit an electronic grant application identified as MA-2021-Rittenhouse Road Improvements-00642 to the New Jersey Department of Transportation on behalf of Delaware Township.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor, Township Committee and Clerk are hereby authorized to sign the grant agreement on behalf of Delaware Township and that their signatures constitute acceptance of the terms and conditions of the grant agreement and approves the execution of the grant agreement.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Maria Andrews, Clerk of the Township of Delaware, in the County of Hunterdon, New Jersey do hereby certify that the foregoing is correct and true copy of Resolution #2021-21 adopted by the Township Committee of the Township of Delaware, in the County of Hunterdon, in the State of New Jersey on February 8, 2021.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

Approved February 8, 2021

**Delaware Township Resolution #2021-22  
Stark Tax Exemption**

WHEREAS, the Delaware Township Tax Assessor received certification from the Department of Veterans Affairs confirming the status of a deceased 100% permanently and totally disabled veteran whose widow, Linda Stark, is the owner and occupant of Block 24.01 Lot 6, 10 Higgins Farm Road; and

WHEREAS, the deceased veteran became eligible for the exemption from taxation when New Jersey voters approved a Constitutional Amendment, effective December 4, 2020, that eliminated the wartime service requirement for the Disabled Veteran Property Tax Exemption. The property will remain exempt from taxation while it remains the principal residence of the widow of the deceased 100% disabled veteran, John James Stark, and Linda Stark does not remarry; and

WHEREAS, the Assessor is requesting a refund of the prorated taxes paid by Mrs. Stark for the fourth quarter of 2020 in the amount of \$780.11 which represents taxes paid from 12/4/2020 to 12/31/2020; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Township Committee of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, and State of New Jersey that all billing for the remainder of tax year 2021 be cancelled for Block 24.01 Lot 6, and the records of the Tax Collector be adjusted to reflect the exempt status of this property.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this Resolution be provided to the Tax Collector and Chief Financial Officer.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

Approved February 8, 2021

**Delaware Township Resolution #2021-23  
Authorizes Execution of a Shared Police Services Agreement  
Between The Township of Delaware And  
The Borough of Stockton**

WHEREAS, Stockton Borough has a need for increased enforcement of traffic laws within its borders to supplement New Jersey State Police coverage; and

WHEREAS, Delaware Township through the Delaware Township Police Department can provide supplementary traffic enforcement services to Stockton Borough using existing manpower and equipment; and

WHEREAS, both parties have agreed that the Delaware Township Police Department will provide supplemental traffic enforcement services to Stockton Borough in accordance with the Uniform Shared Services and Consolidated Act, N.J.S.A. 40A:65-1 e.t seq. and under the terms and conditions of the Shared Police Services Agreement to be executed by both parties; and

WHEREAS, the Delaware Township Attorney and Stockton Borough Attorney have prepared and approved said Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Township Committee of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, and State of New Jersey that:

1. The Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to execute a Shared Services Agreement for Police Services in the Borough of Stockton. The term of the Shared Services Agreement shall be one year effective January 1, 2020 and extending to December 31, 2024 unless terminated sooner. The parties may agree in writing to renegotiate or extend this Agreement at the expiration of its term for an additional one (5) year term.
2. A copy of this Resolution and the executed Shared Services Agreement shall be forwarded to the Department of Community Affairs.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

CERTIFICATION

I, Maria Andrews, Municipal Clerk of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and exact copy of a resolution duly authorized by the Township Council on this 8th day of February, 2021.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

Approved January 8, 2021

**Delaware Township Resolution #2021-24  
Authorizes Execution of a Shared Police Services Agreement  
Between The Township of Delaware And  
The Township of East Amwell**

WHEREAS, Township of East Amwell has a need for increased enforcement of traffic laws within its borders to supplement New Jersey State Police coverage; and

WHEREAS, Delaware Township through the Delaware Township Police Department can provide supplementary traffic enforcement services to the Township of East Amwell using existing manpower and equipment; and

WHEREAS, both parties have agreed that the Delaware Township Police Department will provide supplemental traffic enforcement services to Township of East Amwell in accordance with the Uniform Shared Services and Consolidated Act, N.J.S.A. 40A:65-1 e.t seq. and under the terms and conditions of the Shared Police Services Agreement to be executed by both parties; and

WHEREAS, the Delaware Township Attorney and Township of East Amwell Attorney have prepared and approved said Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Township Committee of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, and State of New Jersey that:

1. The Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to execute a Shared Services Agreement for Police Services in the Township of East Amwell. The term of the Shared Services Agreement shall be two-year effective January 1, 2021 and extending to December 31, 2022 unless terminated sooner. The parties may agree in writing to renegotiate or extend this Agreement at the expiration of its term for a two (2) term.
2. A copy of this Resolution and the executed Shared Services Agreement shall be forwarded to the Department of Community Affairs.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

\_\_\_\_\_  
James Waltman, Mayor

CERTIFICATION

I, Maria Andrews, Municipal Clerk of the Township of Delaware, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and exact copy of a resolution duly authorized by the Township Council on this 8th day of February, 2021.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

Approved: February 8, 2021

**NEW BUSINESS/OTHER**

A motion by Lockwood, seconded by Herman, to approve the Open Space Improvement and Maintenance Plan was unanimously approved by voice vote.

A motion by Herman, seconded by Vocke, to approve the Animal Control Solutions holding facility contract for the Board of Health was unanimously approved by voice vote.

Mayor Waltman noted how residents have expressed on Facebook that they would like a dog park at Sarah Dilts Farm Park, is this something we should pursue? Committee Herman noted that one challenge would be restricting the use to just Township residents. Other challenges would be with JIF, cannot control what dogs are and are not allowed, etcetera. Township Attorney Joseph Tauriello noted there are a lot of concerns for safety and health of everyone. Committeewoman Lockwood noted that Kingwood park is popular and perhaps the Township could look into how they set up theirs. Committeeman Herman noted that our location would be more centralized to larger areas bringing more use. There are already a lot of complaints at the park for dogs off leash and people not cleaning up after their dogs. For now, more signage for pickup and leashes should be placed and the idea of a dog park can be revisited at a later date. Committeewoman Lockwood will look into Kingwood's dog park plan.

Mayor Waltman noted that there have been some complaints received with sidewalks not being shoveled making passage hazardous from the center of town to the school. Township Attorney Joseph Tauriello advised there is no current ordinance requiring residents to shovel the sidewalks in front of their homes. Township Attorney Tauriello also advised against making it the responsibility of the township or the school, and that it should be the homeowners responsibility, Township Attorney Tauriello would draft an amendment to the current ordinance.

Mayor Waltman noted that there is a resident with a faulty fence whose livestock keeps escaping and causing a public nuisance. Animal Control cannot assist, and the police department has gone out a lot of times to assist with herding the animals back. Should there be fines associated with this for improper fencing since this is an ongoing issue? What else can be done? Committeewoman Lockwood noted that there was a huge backlash when the Township attempted to draft an animal/acreage ordinance in the Township, but felt a fine for ongoing instances is fair. Township Attorney Tauriello would look more into this as a land use issue versus a nuisance and possibly draft an ordinance.

Mayor Waltman acknowledged the resignation of Katherine Fullerton as Open Space Coordinator. Katherine was thanked for all her hard work and helping to preserve so much land within the Township.

Mayor Waltman acknowledged the resignation of Robert Kleckner as PERC Test Witness effective April 30, 2021 after 35 years of service to the Township.

#### **OPEN TO THE PUBLIC**

Mayor Waltman opened the floor to public comment for any items listed on the agenda.

Charles Cline of 139 Upper Creek Road, asked if the improvements to Rittenhouse Road and Severns Way included speed mitigation? Mayor Waltman advised that would be looked into.

Charles Cline also noted that he has noticed that loose dogs are a bigger issue and will that be addressed? Committeeman Herman advised there is already an ordinance for loose dogs in the Township.

Charles Cline noted that there are new requirements for the Master Plan with the DEP climate change clause and more language was put in.

#### **FINAL COMMENTS OF THE TOWNSHIP COMMITTEE**

Committeeman Herman noted that DPW should install more leash reminder signs on the trails at Dilts park. Committeeman Herman also noted that the Recreation Commission has a lot of plans of things to do with Dilts park. Committeeman Herman thanked Katherine Fullerton and told her she was a pleasure to work with and left big shoes to fill.

Committeewoman Lockwood noted she is interested in the future plans for Dilts Park and that Shade Tree Commission would be interested in trees replaced. Committeewoman Lockwood also noted that there are increasing concerns on the erosion of Lower Creek Road.

Committeeman Vocke thanked Katherine Fullerton for all her hard work.

Mayor Waltman thanked DPW for doing a fantastic job with all the snow so far and noted we did not lose many mailboxes!

#### **APPROVAL OF THE BILL LIST**

A motion by Herman, seconded by Vocke to approve payment of the \$1,023,823.28 bill list was unanimously approved by roll call vote.

*Herman: Yes, Kwasnik: Yes, Lockwood: Yes, Vocke: Yes, Waltman: Yes*

#### **EXECUTIVE SESSION: Approval of Resolution #2021-25: To Enter into Executive Session for the Purpose of Discussing Contracts and Subjects Falling Under Attorney-Client Privilege – *The discussion is expected to take approximately 30 minutes. Action may be taken.***

A motion by Herman, seconded by Vocke to approve Resolution #2021-25 and enter into Executive Session was unanimously approved by roll call vote.

*Herman: Yes, Kwasnik: Yes, Lockwood: Yes, Vocke: Yes, Waltman: Yes*

#### **Resolution #2021-25**

WHEREAS, Section 8 of the Open Public Meetings Act, Chapter 231, P.L. 1975, permits the exclusion of the public from a meeting in certain circumstances; and

WHEREAS, this governing body is of the opinion that such circumstances presently exist,

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Committee of Delaware Township, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, as follows:

1. The public shall be excluded from discussion of and action upon the hereinafter specified subject matter.
2. The general nature of the subject matter to be discussed is as follows: Contracts and subjects falling under Attorney-Client privilege. The discussion is anticipated to take approximately 30 minutes. Action may be taken.
3. It is intended at this time that the above stated subject matter will be made public when the matter has been resolved.
4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

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Maria Andrews, Township Clerk, RMC

A motion by Herman, seconded by Vocke to return to Open Session was unanimously approved by roll call vote.

*Herman: Yes, Kwasnik: Yes, Lockwood: Yes, Vocke: Yes, Waltman: Yes*

It was noted for the record that the Committee was in Executive Session from 8:59 PM – 9:55 PM.

**ADJOURNMENT**

A motion by Herman, seconded by Lockwood to adjourn the meeting was unanimously approved by voice vote.

The meeting adjourned at 9:56 PM.

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Tiffany Crivelli, Deputy Township Clerk

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James Waltman, Mayor